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## BY AUTHORITY.

Sixth Congress of the United States, at the Second Session, begun and held at the City of Washington, in the Territory of Columbia, on Monday the Seventeenth of November, One Thousand Eight Hundred.

An Act giving a right of pre-emption, to certain persons, who have contracted with John Cleves Symmes, or his associates, for lands lying between the Miami rivers, in the Territory of the United States North-West of the Ohio.

BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person or persons and the legal representative or representatives of any person or persons who before the first day of January in the year of our lord one thousand eight hundred, had made any contract or contracts in writing, or by any note or memorandum thereof in writing, either with John Cleves Symmes, or with any of his associates, or who had made to him or them, any payment of money for the purchase of lands, situate between the Miami rivers, within the limits of a survey, made by Israel Ludlow, in conformity to an act of Congress of the twelfth of April one thousand seven hundred and ninety two, and not comprehended within the limits of a tract of land, conveyed to John Cleves Symmes and his associates, by letters patent, bearing date the thirtieth of September, one thousand seven hundred and ninety four, in the territory of the United States North-West of the Ohio, shall be entitled to a preference, in becoming the purchasers, from the United States, of the lands so contracted for at the price of two dollars per acre, exclusive of the surveying fees, and other incidental expenses; and payment may be made therefor, to the treasurer of the United States, or the receiver of public monies for the lands of the United States, at Cincinnati, in like installments and under the same conditions as directed by the act intitled, "An act to amend the act intitled, an act providing for the sale of the lands of the United States, in the territory of the United States, North-West of the Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky river;" Provided however, that no interest shall be charged upon any of the installments until they respectively become payable.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, that every person claiming the benefit of the first section of this act, shall, on or before the first day of November next, deliver to the receiver of public monies for the lands of the United States at Cincinnati, a notice in writing stating the nature and extent of his claim or contract, and if any person shall neglect to give such notice of his claim or contract, or having given the same, shall neglect to make application for the purchase thereof, as herein after directed, or shall fail in making the first payment, before the first of January next, all his right of pre-emption, on the terms aforesaid shall cease and become void.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid receiver of public monies, on being paid the fees hereinafter provided, shall receive every such notice of claim, or statement thereof and give a receipt therefor, and carefully put and preserve on file, every such paper or writing, and lay the same before the Commissioners, when met, for settling and adjusting the claims aforesaid.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid receiver of public monies, and two other persons, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, alone shall be commissioned for the purpose of ascertaining the rights of persons claiming the benefits of this act, who, previous to entering on the duties of their appointment, shall respectively take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation, before some person qualified to administer oaths, to wit: "I do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will impartially exercise and discharge the duties imposed on me by an act of Congress intitled."

"An act giving a right of pre-emption to certain persons who have contracted with John Cleves Symmes or his associates, for lands lying between the Miami Rivers, in the territory of the Uni-

ted States, North-West of the Ohio" to the best of my understanding and ability," and it shall be the duty of the said commissioners to meet at Cincinnati, between the first and the tenth day of November next, of which meeting three weeks previous notice shall be given by them in a public new-paper printed at Cincinnati; and they or a majority of them, to meet, shall not adjourn to any other place, or for a longer time, than three days until they have finally completed the business of their said appointment, and they or any two of them, shall have power to hear and decide in a summary manner, all matters respecting all such claims of which notice may have been filed, pursuant to the third section of this act, also to administer oaths, and examine witnesses, and all such other testimony as may be adduced, and to determine thereon according to justice, and equity; which determination shall be final, and when it shall appear to them that the claimant is entitled to the right of pre-emption, on the terms aforesaid, they shall give a certificate thereof, stating as accurately as may be, the quantity and local situation of the lands to which he may be entitled, directed to the register of the land office at Cincinnati, or when the said register may be a claimant to the surveyor general, copies of which certificates shall be by them recorded in a book to be provided for that purpose and deposited for safe keeping with the register of the land office.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, that the aforesaid register and Surveyor general respectively, upon application of any person or persons who shall produce a certificate of the commissioners aforesaid, to him directed before the first day of January next, and shall also produce a receipt from the treasurer of the United States, or the aforesaid receiver of public monies for at least one fourth part of the purchase money, and also for the payment of three dollars for each half section or smaller quantity, and shall pay him the fees in like case provided by the act, intitled "An act to amend the act intitled an act providing for the sale of the lands of the United States in the territory of the United States north-west of the Ohio, and above the mouth of Kentucky river" shall admit such person or persons to become a purchaser or purchasers, of the land designated in the said certificate, and shall receive the said certificate, and preserve it on file, and make an entry of the application in his book, kept for the purpose, and on any of the three last payments, being made in advance he shall allow the purchaser the like discount, as is allowed by the fourth clause of the fifth section of the act last above recited and on payment in full and a final settlement had, he shall give his certificate thereof, upon producing which to the Secretary of the Treasury, a patent shall issue in like manner as is provided by the said act last above recited.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, that the said receiver of public monies, shall be entitled to have, and receive, to his own use, from the respective claimants, the following fees, that is to say: for filing a notice and evidence of claim, or statement thereof, twenty five cents, for giving a copy thereof, twelve and a half cents for every one hundred words; and the said commissioners shall, as a full compensation for their services be entitled jointly to have and receive from the respective claimants, that is to say: for every determination and entering the result in their book, at the rate of three dollars for every section; for every certificate and recording the same at the rate one dollar for every section.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted that all the aforesaid tract of country that shall be surveyed by the Surveyor General, as soon as may be, after the first day of September next, in the manner herein after directed.

1. So much of the said tract, as lies between the northern boundary line, and the aforesaid patent of John Cleves Symmes, and associates; and Israel Ludlow's southern boundary of the seventh entire range of townships, shall be laid off into sections, agreeably to northwardly and southwardly lines, run under the direction of John Cleves Symmes, and the marks thereon made at the time of running the aforesaid lines for the corners of sections shall be established by the surveyor general, and eastwardly and westerly lines shall

be run to intersect the aforesaid northwardly and southwardly lines, in the corresponding marked points.

2. And the residue of the said tract lying north of the aforesaid southern boundary of the seventh entire range, shall be laid off into sections, according to such uniform rule and method as in the opinion of the Surveyor General, shall best secure the rights and interest of those, who are entitled to pre-emption.

3. Such division shall be made of sections, according to the claim of such who obtain pre-emption right, and the contents of each and every section, and such division thereof, shall be ascertained, and the Surveyor General shall prepare and transmit, a plan thereof, to the aforesaid register, immediately after the said survey shall be completed, and also forward a copy thereof to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, that all persons availing themselves of a pre-emption under this act, shall make application for a section or any part or parts of a section or sections, according to the estimated quantity of six hundred and forty acres to a section, and the amount of the excess or deficiency shall be added to or deducted from the last payment, and the purchaser shall make payment for and hold the quantity returned and expressed in the plat, let the quantity be more or less.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, that the duties of the surveyor-general, of the aforesaid Register, and receiver of public monies, as nearly as may be consistent with this act shall respectively be the same, as directed in and by the last recited act, and the fees and emoluments shall respectively be the same, as provided in the said act last recited.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, that after completing the surveys agreeably to this act, reserving the lots marked sixteen in each township, or fractional part of a township in which the same may be, for the purposes expressed in the ordinance of congress of the twentieth of May, one thousand seven hundred and eighty five, the residue of the lands, and so many of the aforesaid pre-emptions, as shall become forfeited by reason of failures of payment, shall be sold agreeably to the last recited act.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, that this act shall have full operation and effect, any thing in any former law to the contrary notwithstanding.

THEODORE SEDGWICK,

Speaker of the House

of Representatives,

JAMES HILLHOUSE,

President of the Senate, pro tempore

Approved, March 30, A. D. 1861.

JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States

An Act providing for a Naval Peace establishment and for other purposes.

Sec. 1. BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is authorized whenever the situation of public affairs shall in his opinion, render it expedient to cause to be sold: they being first divested of their guns and military stores, which are to be carefully preserved, all or any of the ships and vessels belonging to the Navy, except the frigates United States, Constitution, President, Chesapeake, Philadelphia, Constellation, Congress, New-York, Boston, Essex, Adams, John Adams, and General Greene; and also to lay up all the frigates thus to be retained, except such as are directed by this act to be kept in constant service in time of peace.

Sec. 2. And be it enacted, that six of the frigates to be retained shall be kept in constant service in time of peace and shall be officered and manned as the president of the United States may direct, not to exceed however two-thirds of the present complement of seamen and ordinary seamen; the residue of the frigates to be retained shall be laid up in convenient ports and there shall be permanently attached to each frigate sold up, one sailing master, one boatwain one gunner, one carpenter, and one cook, one sergeant, or corporal of marines, and eight marines; and to the large frigates twelve, and to the small frigates ten seamen; the sailing-master shall have the general care and superintendence of the ship; and shall generally

execute such other duties of a purser as may be necessary.

Sec. 3. And be it enacted, that from and after the day when the reduction of the Navy shall take place, as aforesaid, the navy ration shall consist of as follows; on Sunday, fourteen ounces of bread, one and quarter pound of beef, half a pound of flour, one quarter of a pound of lard, one half pint of distilled spirits; Monday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of pork, half pint of pease, one half pint of distilled spirits; Tuesday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of beef, two ounces of cheese, one half pint of distilled spirits; Wednesday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of pork, half pint of rice, one half pint of distilled spirits; Thursday, fourteen ounces of bread, one and a quarter pound of beef, half pound of flour, quarter pound of lard, one half pint of distilled spirits; Friday, fourteen ounces of bread, four ounces of cheese, two ounces of butter, half pint of rice, half pint of Molasses, one half pint of distilled spirits; Saturday, fourteen ounces of bread, one pound of pork, half pint of pease, half pint vinegar, one half pint of distilled spirits.

Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, that the President of the United States, retain in the Navy Service in time of Peace, nine Captains, thirty six Lieutenants, and one hundred and fifty midshipmen, including those employed on board of the six frigates to be kept in service; and that he be authorized to discharge all the other officers in the Navy Service of the United States; but such of the aforesaid officers as shall be retained in the service, shall be entitled to receive no more than half their monthly pay during the time when they shall not be under orders for actual service.

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That all the commissioned, and warrant officers, who shall be discharged as aforesaid shall be entitled to receive, four months pay over and above what may be due to them respectively at the time of their discharge.

THEODORE SEDGWICK,

Speaker of the House

of Representatives,

JAMES HILLHOUSE,

President of the Senate, pro tempore

Approved, March 30, A. D. 1861.

JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States

An Act to establish the district of Bristol, and to annex the Towns of Kittery and Berwick to the district of Portsmouth.

BE it enacted by Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the thirty-first day of March next, the towns of Bristol, Warren and Barrington, in the State of Rhode Island, and Providence Plantations, and all the shores and waters around the same, within the following limits, viz. a line beginning at the middle of the bay between Mount Hope and Common Fence point, running thence westerly through the middle of Bristol Ferry, and continuing such course until it strikes a point of equal distance from Rhode Island to Prudence Island, from thence northwardly on a straight line to the westernmost part of Nahant point, and from thence to the western shore of Bullocks point, shall be a district, to be called the district of Bristol, of which the port of Bristol shall be the sole port of entry, and a Collector for said district shall be appointed to reside at Bristol; and Warren and Barrington shall be Ports of delivery only, and a surveyor shall be appointed to reside at each of the ports of Bristol and Warren; and the surveyor at Warren, shall also be surveyor for the port of Barrington.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted that said port of Bristol shall also be a port of entry, for all ships or vessels arriving from the Cape of Good Hope or places beyond the same.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said thirty-first day of March next, the towns of Kittery and Berwick in the State of Massachusetts, shall be annexed to the district of Portsmouth in New-Hampshire, as Ports of delivery only; provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the master or commander of any ship or vessel, having merchandise on board, destined for either of the said places, from ma-



king entry at his option with the Collect-  
or of the district of York, and obtaining  
permits for the delivery thereof as heret-  
ofore.

**THEODORE SEDGWICK,**  
*Speaker of the House*  
*of Representatives,*  
**TH. JEFFERSON,**  
*Vice-President of the United*  
*States and President of Senate.*  
Approved 25th, Feb. A. D. 1801.  
**JOHN ADAMS,**  
*President of the United States.*

### European Intelligence.

#### Germany.

##### AUGSBURG, February 4.

By a letter of a late date, from Cracow  
we are informed, that the Russian army in  
Polonia and Podolia has suddenly begun  
to march towards Moldavia and Turkey  
in Europe. The affirmation of the two  
Russian officers, by the Turkish soldiery  
at Constantinople, &c. the declaration later-  
ly made to the Porte by the Russian min-  
ister, may serve to explain this movement,  
which was not unexpected.

#### England.

##### LONDON, March 4.

The Austrian ambassador at Berlin, had  
received orders to propose alliance be-  
tween the courts of Vienna and Berlin,  
tending to the welfare of Germany; and  
has received the most favorable assur-  
ances of the readiness of the latter  
court to comply with this proposal. The  
Archduke Charles, it is added, has writ-  
ten to the emperor of Russia, and hopes  
are entertained that a good understand-  
ing between the courts will be estab-  
lished in consequence thereof.

#### Scotland.

##### GLASGOW, March 7.

In the note transmitted by order of his  
Prussian majesty to lord Grafton, our  
ambassador at Berlin, his Prussian majesty  
does not hesitate to declare his accession  
to the convention concluded at Peters-  
burg on the 16th of December between  
Russia, Denmark and Sweden; that he will  
take a direct share in all the events which  
interest the cause of the neutral powers,  
and maintain that connexion by such  
powerful measure as the impulse of circum-  
stances may require, and that, it is only  
by entirely taking off the embargo, laid  
by Britain, on Danish and Swedish vessels,  
affairs can be brought to their former sit-  
uation. His Prussian majesty, with distin-  
guished modesty, asserts, that there exist  
difficulties between the courts of Peters-  
burg and London, which have by no means  
any thing to do with the business which  
Britain has interwoven with it. After  
such an intimation, fearfully a doubt re-  
mains what part the court of Berlin will  
take in this momentous question; and how  
ever much to be lamented, not a doubt re-  
mains what must be the conduct of our  
government; we indeed have no choice,  
our existence as a naval power, depends  
upon decision. That neutral ships may  
carry neutral cargoes, is what none will  
deny; but that *free ships make free goods*,  
as the convention of the northern powers  
maintains, is so repugnant to common  
sense, that we trust these trampers upon  
maritime policy will soon repent of their  
temerity.

The convoy for the Elbe has, at the re-  
quest of several ship owners, been detained  
from sailing until Sunday forenoon next.  
Yesterday, 7 vessels arrived at Gran-  
ge-mouth with grain.  
During last week arrived at Liverpool,  
23,315 barrels of flour and 6,430 quarters  
of wheat.

#### Massachusetts.

##### BOSTON, April 9.

##### From the *Arrived here*.

Captain Lovett, arrived here yesterday  
from Alicante, informs, that he fell in with  
the French Squadron, which elapsed from  
Brest, about twenty leagues on the Barba-  
ry coast, bound up the Mediterrane-  
an; that he spoke an American vessel  
which had been boarded by the above squa-  
don, and treated politely. Captain Lov-  
ett further informs, that the United  
States ship George Washington, captain  
Bainbridge, had returned from Constanti-  
nople, to Algiers, and after tarrying there  
a short time was suffered to proceed home,  
she brought a number of French prison-  
ers from that place to Alicante, and sailed  
from thence with the Rover, and several  
other American vessels, which he conveyed.  
The crew were in good health. All  
American vessels bound up the Mediter-  
ranean are compelled to ride quarantine  
for forty days, before they are permitted

to enter any port. Since the rupture  
between England and the northern pow-  
ers upwards of three hundred sail of Swe-  
dish and Danish vessels have been sent  
into Gibraltar.

#### Maryland.

##### WASHINGTON, April 22

The latest accounts from Massachusetts give  
the following votes for Governor of that  
State. For Mr. Strong, 17,872  
Mr. Gerry, 13,991

Present maj. for Strong, 3,881  
From the opinions of the Boston editors  
it is probable Mr. Strong will be elected.

#### Virginia.

##### RICHMOND, April 28

*Representatives in Congress from this*  
*State for two years.*

*John Clayton*, for the District of New-  
Kent, &c.

*William B. Giles*, for the District of  
Cheslerfield, &c.

*John Dawson*, for the District of O-  
range, &c.

*John Taliaferro*, for the District of  
Northumberland, &c.

*Thomas Newton jun.* for the District  
of Norfolk, &c.

*Samuel J. Cabell*, for the District of  
Albemarle, &c.

##### Lexington, May 18.

No eastern mail yesterday farther than Pittsburg  
and Union river; the one received was due yester-  
day week. There are now two mails due from places  
beyond those above mentioned, and one from  
those places.

#### SQUIRREL HUNT.

On the 8th inst. the citizens of the  
counties of Mercer and Lincoln, had a  
hunting match, for a barbecue. The  
match was to have been 25 hunters on  
each side, but only about 20 on a side met;  
in the course of the day, they killed 5,442  
squirrels, and bets were offered that the  
same company could kill double that num-  
ber the day following. We have the a-  
bove information from one of the party.

Aggregate of produce entered for exportation at the  
Custom House of the Port of Louisville, in the  
district of Kentucky, together with its value, as  
estimated by the persons who had the charge there-  
of, commencing the 22d day of January, and end-  
ing the 6th day of May, 1821.

QUANTITY.	KINDS OF PRODUCE.	DOLLS.	CTS.
41,149	Barrels of Flour,	210,704	73
42,562	Gallons Whisky,	23,146	59
6,157	Ditto Peach Brandy,	4,758	76
2,133	do Cider & Cider-Royal,	6,6	
5,932	do Beer,	1,972	52
544	do Cherry Bounce,	527	75
404	do Gin,	404	52
64	do Vinegar,	16	
48	do Cordials,	72	
779	Hogheads Tobacco,	28,828	90
92,220	lbs. Pork,	3,811	22
91,320	do Bacon,	8,465	45
10,881	do Hops, and,	1,022	37
34,007	do Cordage	4,627	32
2,887	do Butter,	30	38
1,345	do Cheese,	176	36
4,768	do Candles,	82	67
2,754	do Salt Petre,	66	479
92	do Bees wax,	22	
74	do Shoe thread,	30	66
19,469	do Nails,	4,609	59
3,437	do Soap,	362	61
14,660	do Bees,	532	38
3,002	do Gun Powder,	1,632	58
2,287	do Hemp,	114	56
3,782	do Lead,	362	25
8,718	do Blunt,	235	44
231	do Tallow,	33	13
635	do Grasses,	127	
17,515	do spun yarn,	1,752	38
2,593	Yards Country Linen,	1,701	37
64	Plaid Shirts,	65	
216	Hats,	270	
1,736	Barrels Corn,	369	8
15,000	Feet Cherry Plank,	300	
1,000	Barrel Staves,	18	
1	Smith's Bellows,	8	
1	Saddle and Bridle,	21	
1	Rifle Gun,	26	
1	Clack,	63	
1	Sleeve, Boots, & Leather,	1152	50
311	Grind Stones,	132	
1	Venison Ham & Sausages,	184	75
1	Rin. Stone & Earthen	35	66
1	Ware, &c.	312	27
1	Buck. wheat, & Corn meal,	114	25
1	Bar Iron, Castings & Axes,	83	43
1	Bureaus, Tables, Desks,	465	24
1	Chests and Chairs,	465	24
1	Toile Potatoes,	1093	
1	Onion Apples, and dried	1093	
1	Manufactured Tobacco,	136	92
1	and Segars,	21,102	73
1	Merchandise,	21,102	73
1	Total,	333,343	7

The foregoing is an extract taken from the  
manifests lodged in the office of the Collector.

[It may be observed that the above statement  
contains but little more than half the produce  
which has passed the Falls within the time mentioned.]  
[Louisville paper.]

A small schooner, built at Brownsville,  
on the Monongahela, passed some days  
ago; it had neither sails, rigging or  
masts, but was to be fitted out at New-  
Orleans.

On Sunday last, arrived off this town,  
the new brig St. Clair, commanded by  
capt. Whipple; & passed the Falls on  
the same day without the least accident.

#### GLEANINGS.

##### LONDON, March 4.

*Capture of the Kent, East Indian.*  
It is with great concern we announce  
the capture of the Kent, East Indian,  
in the Bay of Bengal, on the 7th of Oc-  
tober, off the Sand Heads, by the Com-  
mande, French privateer, of 20 guns and  
250 men, after an obstinate engagement  
of near one hour and 45 minutes, in which  
Capt. Rivington, of the Kent, was unfor-  
tunately killed bravely defending the  
company's property, till the last moment  
of his existence, when he exclaimed,  
"do not give up the ship." Mr. Cator,  
a free merchant, also fell, covered with  
wounds. All the surviving passengers  
who were able to be moved were put on  
board an Arab, and landed in Calcutta.

#### HOUSE OF LORDS.

The Earl of Suffolk said, he observed  
there was no report from the committee,  
on the high price of provisions; that con-  
sidering the state of the country, he was  
extremely sorry to observe the delay in  
receiving the report, and if any lord be-  
longing to the committee were then present,  
he would be glad to be informed of the  
cause of the delay.

The Duke of Athol (who is a member  
of the committee) said they were proceed-  
ing with all the diligence and attention  
possible, but deferred a report till they  
could lay a general view of the subject  
before the house.

Lord Suffolk said the price of bread  
was daily rising, and with it all other ne-  
cessaries; that he apprehended the vast  
influx of paper currency was the great  
cause of it. He therefore meant to pro-  
pose a measure to prevent the payment  
of any paper except that of the bank of  
England.

The Duke of Athol called the noble  
lord to order, and said it was utterly un-  
precedented to introduce a measure of  
that extreme importance, without a regu-  
lar notice.

Earl Fitzwilliam said his noble friend  
was perfectly in order, and in fact did no  
more than intimate, in a liberal manner,  
a measure he might think it necessary to  
bring forward after seeing the report of  
the committee.

Lord Romney (who is also a member  
of the committee) said they were proceed-  
ing with all possible dispatch, but were  
unwilling to adopt any hasty and partial  
measures. Too much had been already  
seen of the mischief of adopting a partial  
and hasty measure (alluding to the brown  
bread bill) and therefore he deprecated  
any prelude of the business.

#### NORTHERN CONFEDERACY.

The following is the answer of Baron  
Ehrenfard to the notification of Lord  
Greenville, of the 15th of January, stating  
that an embargo had been laid on the Dan-  
ish and Swedish ships in England.

"The undersigned, Minister Plenipo-  
tentiary of his Imperial Swedish Majesty  
received the official notification, by which  
his excellency Lord Greenville, first min-  
ister of state, signified to the undersigned  
that his Britanic Majesty had ordered an  
embargo to be laid on all the Swedish ships  
in the harbors within his dominions. So  
unexpected an event between powers who  
were in relations of friendship towards  
each other, was received with astonishment  
by his imperial majesty, who was not only  
unconscious of having given his Britanic  
majesty the least cause of complaint,  
but on the contrary, was entitled to have  
demanded indemnification for repeated  
aggressions. Actuated by this reflection,  
he rather expected that the notification  
was transmitted with the view to bury  
his grievances in oblivion than to give oc-  
casion for fresh ones, which would renew  
the remembrance of the past.

"As the English court has stated as the  
ground of this notification, that a mari-  
time convention was in contemplation it  
would doubtless have acted with more  
justice, had it waited for an official com-  
munication from the Swedish Court, which  
it most assuredly would, in proper time,  
have received, of a convention, which is  
considered in so odious a point of view, as  
to urge it to an act of violence against a  
court, whose connection with England  
nothing else could have disturbed. As the  
dispute between the English and Russian  
courts related to the Island of Malta, and  
the declaration of the Danish court refer-  
red to the convention of 1780, the under-  
signed can see no just reason why the  
court of Sweden, which had given no  
cause of complaint to the English, and  
from which no other declaration was re-  
quired than what related to the note of

the 31st December, which has but just  
been received should be attacked in so  
hostile a manner, before any answer had  
been given to the insinuations contained  
in that note.

"The undersigned, who imparted the  
contents of the note of his excellency  
Lord Greenville to his court, is obliged,  
in conformity to the orders of his ma-  
jesty, to protest, as far as by the present  
acts he can formally protest against the  
embargo laid on the Swedish ships, and  
loss or damage that may be thereby oc-  
casioned. He demands in the most per-  
sistent and expressive terms, that in for-  
sake of the stipulation of the treaty of  
1661, the embargo can no otherwise be  
considered than as a designed and pre-m-  
editated declaration of war on the part of  
England.

"The undersigned, whom the expres-  
sion of the desire of the British court  
could not escape, observes, in the hostile  
determinations by which it is accompanied,  
only a desire to give his Imperial Maj-  
esty cause of complaint, as well by the de-  
tention of the convoy, as in respect to  
the affair of Barcelona. He wishes the  
British court had confirmed the truth of  
its assurances by its actions, in which  
case this court would have been actuated  
by corresponding sentiments.

The undersigned has the honor, &c.  
(Signed) "Baron Von Ehrenfard."

##### PITTSBURG, May 2.

Lately launched at Elizabeth Town on  
the Monongahela, a brig of about 100 tons  
and is now loading with flour for Orleans  
to which place it is expected she will be  
able to proceed this spring.

"The Dublin Evening Post of March 1st  
speaking of the distresses of the poor says;

"It is really a melancholy sight to view  
the numerous objects of distress which  
crowd the market house on Wednesdays  
and Fridays, in order to obtain relief  
from the lord mayor, to whom that hu-  
mane chief magistrate distributes the  
coals deficient in measure, light bread,  
blown meat, &c. and this week his lord-  
ship had it in his power to administer  
to the wants of many, and particular care  
taken that the aged and infirm should  
have the largest portion.

##### NEW-YORK, April 15.

Exports from the port of New-York,  
to England, Ireland and Scotland, from  
the 1st of March, to the 1st of April, taken  
from the Custom House books—

96,330 barrels Flour,  
2,308 half barrels do.  
1,668 hogheads Corn Meal,  
4,649 half do. do.  
60 half do. do.  
2,700 bushels Wheat,  
2,229 do. Rye,  
17,814 do. Corn—wt. 23,608,330.

##### BALTIMORE, April 15.

##### Dreadful Conflagration.

The house belonging to, and occupied  
by Col. Rogers, in Market Street, was this  
morning, together with the whole of its  
contents, reduced to a pile of ruins. The  
fire it appears was kindled by the hands  
of a villainous incendiary, in the cellar,  
immediately under the main stair case,  
and so completely were his diabolical  
plans executed, although something of  
the kind from his threats, was suspected,  
that the screams and lamentations of  
those within and who escaped with the  
utmost difficulty from the flames, saving  
only their lives, were the first indications  
their neighbors had of the dreadful catas-  
trophe. The main stair case, and the  
whole interior of the house below, were  
enveloped in flames when the family  
awoke. The children, and those who  
slept in the back building, reached the  
first floor by the back stair case, and got  
out of the back windows—those in the  
front buildings were saved by precipitat-  
ing themselves out of the second floor  
windows. Before the alarm became ge-  
neral, or the necessary assistance could ar-  
rive, it was beyond the power of human  
exertions to save the least article in the  
house, and the greatest efforts of the ci-  
zens, which were conspicuous on the oc-  
casion, aided by a fortunate calm, could a-  
lone have wrested from destruction the ad-  
joining buildings, especially the elegant  
house belonging to Mr. Tiernan, which was  
thrice on fire. Never was that destruc-  
tive element more uncontrolled, or have  
more complete—cash, books, furniture,  
plate, apparel, &c. &c. were alike invol-  
ved in indiscriminate ruin, and a confi-  
derable sum which Col. Rogers had in a  
pocket book in his coat pocket, received  
too late the evening before to be put into  
the bank—even that he was unable to  
save! The fire was discovered about 3  
o'clock, and raged till past 5, before it  
could be so completely extinguished as to  
be no longer dangerous.



## COACH MAKING.

THE subscribers from Philadelphia, inform their friends in particular, and the public in general, that they have just commenced the various branches of COACH & COACH HARNESS MAKING, PAINTING & TRIMMING, on public near David Stout's Lime-Stone Street, and near Messrs. Balfour and Nancarrow's Factory, where those who choose to employ them, may have their work done at the shortest notice, the most reasonable price, and the neatest manner.

Richard Ashton,  
John W. Stout.

Lexington, May 14th, 1801.

## Take Notice,

THAT on the 27th day of June next, in Adam Hanna's meadow, near the said Hanna's dwelling-house, on Braddock's creek, in Shelby county, at the feet of William Woodard's improvement, which is called for in his certificate from the court of commissioners for settlement of four hundred Acres, and the pre-emption of one thousand Acres adjoining, granted by the said court of commissioners on the 18th day of November, 1779, I shall attend with the commissioners appointed by an order of the county court of Shelby, at their March term, 1802; and shall then and there proceed to take depositions, to establish the said improvement and other special calls in said certificate, all which proceedings will be had and done in pursuance of an act of assembly, entitled, "An act to reduce into one the several acts to ascertain the boundaries of, and for procuring lands."

Justinian Swan,  
Declarer of James Swan, owner  
of William Woodard, by His  
Grace, his attorney in fact

May 11th, 1801.

## STRAYED OR STOLEN, FROM Lexington on Sunday last, A HORSE,

FIFTEEN hands high, seven years old, paces, trots, and canters, and all round, one hind foot white, has a slip and perhaps a few white hairs in the forehead, no brand that I recollect, he has lately been cured of warts about the upper lip and legs, the four are yet to be seen, which has been done him to be remarkably feary. Any person that will deliver him to me in this place, or give information where he may be had, shall be reasonably rewarded by

Lexington, May 16th, 1801.

C. Beatty.

## TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

For such a term of years as may be agreed on, SEVERAL Tracts of GOOD CORN and WHEAT LAND, lying on the waters of Red river, and the north fork of Kentucky—Together with an EXCELLENT MILL SEAT, near the mouth of a creek called Bear creek, which empties into the north fork of the Kentucky river, about five miles above the junction of the north and middle forks of that river. Near the mill seat are two or three small tracts of BOTTOM LAND, extremely rich, and well calculated for small plantations, and convenient to the mill seat, may be procured a Large Quantity of WINE and other VALUABLE PLANK TIMBERS; any person desirous of examining the country, will be shown the Lands by Mr. Jacob Miller, living a little below the north and middle forks, and for further information are desired to apply to Charles Vancouver, either in person or by letter, at A. K. Marshall's, city near Washington.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Scotts creek, one fire red mare, three years old, pale, a large lat in her forehead, trots naturally, about thirteen hands three inches high, near hind foot white; appraised to \$31. 10c.

November 1st, 1800.

Patrick Scott.

## FOR SALE. A MULATTO BOY

ABOUT seventeen or eighteen years of age, he is well grown and handsome, has been bred principally to the farming business—enquire of the printer hereof.

## BLUE DYING.

The Subscriber has commenced BLUE DYING.

IN the house lately occupied by Mr. Megowan, on Main Street, in the town of Lexington, where Cotton or Thread will be dyed with deep and lasting colors. Those who please to favor him with their custom, may depend on having their stuff dyed in the best manner, and at the shortest notice.

May 11th, 1801.

John Cook.

N. L. Wheat, Flax or Country Linen, will be taken in payment for Dying.

J. C.

## TAKE NOTICE.

THAT on the 20th day of May, I shall attend at Lee's big spring, the head of Lee's Branch, in Woodford county, with commissioners appointed, in order to perpetuate the testimony of certain witnesses, respecting an entry, made in 1780, in the name of Reuben Young, that calls for said head of Lee's Branch, and do faith other things as the law requires, the business to continue from day to day until completed.

REUBEN YOUNG.

Mar. 8.

3w

## NOTICE

I WILL attend commissioners appointed by the court of Mason county, on Tuesday the 9th day of June next, on John Hall's pre-emption on the north fork of Licking, about 7 miles below Nicholas mill; in order to take the depositions and perpetuate the testimony of sundry witnesses respecting said Hall's claim, and to do such and to do such other acts as shall be judged necessary and agreeable to law.

Alexander Parker.

Lexington, May 3, 1801.

## A Favorable Opportunity.

IS again offered those indebted to JOHN JORDAN Jun. to discharge their respective balances, as

22 Hemp, Flour, or  
22 Wheat, Tobacco,

Will be taken in payment—This method is preferred to the disagreeable alternative of bringing suits, and will be a means of favoring those that are delinquent, much expense. I therefore expected that they will avail themselves of this opportunity, no longer postpone the payment of their joint debts.

John Jordan jun.

AN ELEGANT  
Additional assortment of

22 MERCHANDISE,  
Just received by

John Jordan jun. & Co.

Lexington, 8th Dec. 1800.

18 A TRACT OF LAND,

OF about 1220 Acres, on Licking, six miles from the Ohio—this is Good Farming Land, and will be sold together, or divided into smaller tracts, to suit the purchaser. The terms will be low for CASH and TOBACCO—Apply to

Geo. Poyser.

Lexington, 17th Jan. 1801.

## 21 JUST OPENING,

AND FOR SALE IN LEXINGTON,  
A General Assortment of  
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD  
WARE, & QUEENS WARE.

Which will be sold low for CASH or WHEAT delivered at the subscribers Mill, no credit need be asked.

GEORGE TEGARDEN.

Dec. 29th 1800.

tf.

## PARIS DISTRICT,

March 1st, 1801.

James Morrison, Complainant,

against  
John Cook, Samuel Cook, William Coleman, James Coleman, Robert Hinkton, Samuel Jameson, William Rankin, and Joseph Walker, Defendants.

## IN CHANCERY.

THE Defendants, Robert Hinkton, William Rankin and Joseph Walker, not having entered their appearance herein agreeably to the act of assembly, and rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that they are not inhabitants of this commonwealth on the motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants, Hinkton, Rankin and Walker, do appear here on the third day of the next June term, and answer the complainant's bill; that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some one of the Gazettes of this date; for two months successively, another copy posted at the front door of the court-house in Paris, and published at the front door of the Presbyterian meeting-house in Paris, some Sunday immediately after divine service.

A copy.

THO. ARNOLD, C. E. D. C.

## 52 LANDS TO SELL

At a Reasonable Price, viz.

1836 1/2 acres, in Montgomery county, bounded on the south by the river, on the north by Beaver creek, and a branch of Slate, the tract includes the whole land creek and branches which afford many farms for mills, it is well timbered and watered with a great number of never failing springs border Indian creek, it is very fertile fit for cultivation and is situated in a fine and fertile valley, with a little trouble and a small expense valuable profits out of cultivation may be gotten from part of the tract. The title indisputable.

1646 1/2 acres, on the north side of the North fork of Kentucky river about 8 miles above the mouth running up the river with the meanders thereof, of 1100 paces when reduced to a straight line, the soil pretty level and rich. The title indisputable.

2907 1/2 acres, on the waters of the North fork of Rock-Castle river, Madison county.

320 acres, in Garrard county on White Oak run opposite the mouth of Hickman creek, the road to Danville crosses the tract N. E. 1/4 1/2 W. about 2 1/2 of a mile, it is of a very early entry.

418 acres, military land on the bank of Cumberland river running the town of Clarksville well watered and timbered.

46 town lots and out lots in the said town of Clarksville.

6000 acres, of land in several small grants referred by the State of Virginia, and confirmed by two acts of Congress, lying on the bank of the river for 100 miles, as near the town of the same name, territory N. W. of the Ohio.

2000 acres, military land in the Illinois grant N. W. of the Ohio, 918 miles from the river and opposite 19 miles inland which contains about 25 miles above Louisville the tract is not far from a flourishing village at the present time.

N. B. Negroes, Produce, Merchandise, Lots &c. Houses in Lexington, Paris or Danville will be taken in part; a good plantation between Lexington and Mount Vernon, will command a profitable bargain for the purchaser of a considerable quantity of said lands. For further information apply to

P. D. Roberts,

High Street Lexington.

tf 52

## 2 NOTICE.

I SHALL attend commissioners appointed by the court of Mason county, on 10th June next, on Haden Well's pre-emption, adjoining Samuel Well's pre-emption at the mouth of Mill creek on the North fork of Licking, on the lower side; in order to take the depositions and perpetuate the testimony of sundry witnesses respecting said Well's pre-emption, and to do such and to do such other acts as shall be judged necessary and agreeable to law.

Alexander Parker.

Lexington, May 3, 1801.

## CHEAP GOODS.

Saml. & Geo. Trotter,

HAVE just received from Philadelphia, and are now opening at their Store, on Main Street, Lexington, an extensive and general assortment of

## 5 MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of Dry Goods, Hard Ware, Groceries, China, Glass, Queens and Tin Wares, Nails, Bar-Iron, Steel, &c. &c. which they offer for sale either wholesale or retail, for Cash in hand. Having bought a considerable share of the present importation at Vendue, purchasers may depend on receiving greater bargains than any hitherto sold in this State. No credit can be given, on any conditions what ever.

Lexington, 20th April, 1801.

## 2 NOTICE.

I SHALL attend commissioners appointed by the court of Mason county, on the thirtieth of June next, on John McCallister's pre-emption on Mill creek, a branch of the north fork of Licking, adjoining to the pre-emption of Alexander Parker, in order to take the depositions, and perpetuate the testimony of sundry witnesses, respecting said McCallister's claim, and do such other acts as shall be judged necessary, and agreeable to law.

Alexander Parker.

Lexington, May 3, 1801.

## 2 NOTICE.

I SHALL attend with commissioners appointed by the court of Mason county, on the 11th June next, on John Boyd's pre-emption, on the head waters of Limestone creek, and the waters of the North fork of Licking; in order to take the depositions and perpetuate the testimony of sundry witnesses respecting said Boyd's claim, and do such other acts as shall be judged necessary and agreeable to law.

Alexander Parker.

Lexington, May 3, 1801.

## 2 NOTICE.

I SHALL attend commissioners appointed by the court of Mason county, on the 11th June next, on John Boyd's pre-emption, on the head waters of Limestone creek, and the waters of the North fork of Licking; in order to take the depositions and perpetuate the testimony of sundry witnesses respecting said Boyd's claim, and do such other acts as shall be judged necessary and agreeable to law.

Alexander Parker.

Lexington, May 3, 1801.

## 9 COACH MAKING.

THE public are hereby informed that I carry on the COACH MAKING business in all its various branches, on Main Street, Lexington, where I am pleased to favor me with their custom, may depend on having their work done in the best manner, and on moderate terms.

John Wyatt.

Lexington, March 8, 1801.

I WILL give immediate employment to three or four JOURNEYMEN TINNERS, who understand their business. I will also take two or three Boys from 15 to 18 years of age, as apprentices to the TIN and COPPERSMITHS business.

## 19 THOMAS REID,

Lexington.

## LANDS FOR SALE.

I am authorized to sell two tracts of LAND,

1. IN Madison county conveyed by Saml. Edill to Elie Williams. One tract contains 250 acres lying on the fourth side of and adjoining the Kentucky river opposite the Copers lick.—The other tract also contains 250 acres, granted as aforesaid; this tract lies about half a mile below the former, they were located and surveyed, at an early period by Joseph Lang, and regularly conveyed by him to Edill. They are above Boonville, and are said to be of a good quality and well situated; one of the tracts has a tenant at present.

Will also sell 1557 acres of LAND on Big Reedy, patented to Jacob Ambrose of Birdtown, in two grants; and 2000 acres of Beaver Creek a branch of the main fork of Licking in Bourbon county.

Any person inclined to purchase either of the above tracts of LAND, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber in Lexington.

Dec. 25th 1800.

C. Beatty.

tf

I HAVE Valuable HOUSES and LOTS in the town of Paris, several PLANTATIONS and TRACTS of LAND, and a valuable MILL, I will exchange for MILITARY LANDS of Good Quality, mostly north-west of the Ohio—or NEGROES and MERCHANDIZE, with a small part in MONEY, will be taken. Two of the plantations are in Bourbon; one near Frankfort, well known to be equal to any in the State, to the size of 17 1/2 near Warwick, south of Kentucky river; one in Montgomery and Fleming counties; one in Mason county, annexed to the mills, within two miles of the Ohio river. This property I should expect a considerable part in Cash, Goods or Negroes. All the property shall be given very low in MONEY, or the above said property, at Cash value, for any person or persons that may want to purchase.

John Edwards sen.

30th April, 1801.

3m

## BLANK DEEDS.

Printed on a beautiful Script Type, and good paper, for sale at this office, by the quantity or single one.

## FOR SALE. THAT VALUABLE AND WELL KNOWN HOUSE & LOT

IN the town of Lexington, now occupied by me as a tavern.—The advantages it possesses as an excellent stand for a public-house, is too well known to need description.—Any person inclinable to purchase, may know the terms by applying to me on the premises; I will also dispose of a considerable quantity of valuable furniture suitable for a public-house. Should I not sell the above property, before the first day of August next, it will on that day be sold at public sale.

JOHN POSTLETHWAITE.

May 2d. 1801.

tf



## FRESH MEDICINE.

Just arrived from Philadelphia, at our shop, near the Stray-Pen, Lexington, and to be sold for CASH, Fine Linen, or Flax-Seed.

Also RED CLOVER SEED,

For Sale.

AND W. McALLA & Co.

## Cut-Nail Manufactory

NOW commencing by the subscriber, on Main Street, next door to Mr. Bradford's Printing Office, where all kinds of Cut Nails and Brads, of the best quality, can be had at the following prices, for CASH, viz—

Ten and Twelve Penny Brads,	8 D
Ten Penny Nails,	1 3
Eight Penny do,	1 4
Six and Four penny do,	1 6
Three Penny do,	1 10

Also on hand, a handsome assortment of Hammered Nails, Brads and Spikes, which he will sell very low.

George Norton.

Lexington, April 23d, 1801.

tf

## THE SUBSCRIBERS

HAVE the satisfaction of informing their customers and others, that in consequence of an arrangement made by JOHN JORDAN Jun. they will be enabled to purchase the following articles of produce this season, viz.

HEMP, WHEAT, FLOUR,  
AND TOBACCO.

For which they will give such prices as their present engagements and prospect will justify, which they hope will be found as liberal as any.

But as they have undertaken this business, with prospects indeed, too trifling even to compensate them for their service, they hope at least, to meet with better encouragement than what has heretofore been allotted by the Planters and Farmers of this State, to those who exported their Produce, and that a proper distinction will be made in favor of them, who, at all times have exerted themselves to embrace every opportunity of serving the Planters, &c.

It is with the utmost reluctance they take notice of an incontrovertible truth, that so far from meeting the encouragement due their exertions, they have hitherto had the mortification to find that a preference was at all times given (unless when payment was made in produce) to others, who sold for cash only—in consequence of which, they had determined to pursue the same system of Commerce (that is now so loudly complained of by the Citizens at large, so long as it lasts, until their competitors should either be obliged to undergo the same risk and trouble, or the Farmer and Planter take a more extensive view of his real interest—but being anxious to avoid their proportion of general censure, and to make their occupation as useful as possible, they have once more receded from their resolution, determined to purchase the productions of the soil, and trust to the liberality of the Farmer and Planter, to obviate those complaints in future.

The conditions on which they intend to take produce, are, the Cash Prices of the several articles.—In return, they will continue to sell their goods at their usual low prices, for Cash or Produce. Those who may have more Produce than would be convenient for them to take in Goods, shall receive Cash, by allowing a reasonable credit, but no payments will be made either in Goods or Cash, until the delivery of the articles, and it is further expected that none will solicit an advance, as it is impossible for them (in consequence of the numerous disappointments heretofore experienced) either to discriminate, or to deviate from this rule.

JOHN A. SEITZ,

JOHN JORDAN Jun. & Co.

For advertisements for the sale of Lands for taxes, see Gazette Extra.



## SACRED TO THE MUSES.

### GOOD HUMOUR.

OF pride and mad ambition we complain,  
Destructive war, and violence, in vain,  
All temper's baneful influence o'er the mind  
More pain creates, than all those ills combin'd;  
Bids false love in every bosom reign,  
And clouds the beam of reason's shining train;  
Blush all the joys that bloom to sweeten life,  
Enliven happiness, and lengthen life;  
To calm the troubled breast, to soften woe,  
To show the more mortifying to flow,  
He, who surveys our griefs with pitying eye,  
Sent down the nymph Good Humour from the sky.  
Her beauteous presence banishes perpetual day,  
The loves and glances in her person play;  
The smiling flow'r of bloom sweetens where she treads,  
The God-did bloom lift anen their heads;  
The lovely seraph wanes her purple wing,  
Diffusing all the balmy sweet of Spring;  
Beflow's fresh beauties on the blooming vale,  
And pours in fresh fragrance on the spicy gale.  
Observe the mansion where Good Humour dwells,  
What health it gives each blissful human soul!  
The cheerful, happy father smiles, to see  
His playful offspring prattle round his knee;  
While the fond partner of his heart bestows  
That joy which only from Good Humour flows.

### ANECDOTE.

Fine times, Jimmy, I hear your Master has grown quite independent. To be sure he has; and how can he help that; for he has nothing to depend upon? But I mean that he is rich, and lives merely upon the interest of his money. He merely lives to be sure; and faith I believe it is on the interest of his money; for the Principal has been gone this long time, to my knowledge.

### Alexander Parker,

**H**AS just imported, and now opening at his Store, opposite the Court-House, in Lexington, a very large and elegant assortment of  
**MERCHANDIZE.**  
Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Stationery, Hard, Queens, China and Glass Ware, which will sell on the most reduced prices for Cash.

N. B. In the above assortment there is Cut Nails of every size, Saw-Mill Cranks, Boulding-Cloths, and a large quantity of Coarse Mullin, assorted, which will be sold by the bale or piece, lower than usual.  
Lexington, April 20, 1801.

### LAND FOR SALE.

**I**AM authorized by gentlemen of respectability in Philadelphia, to sell a boat one hundred and eighty thousand acres of

### LAND.

in different parts of this State,—some of it **MILITARY LANDS** south of Green River.—The payments will be made cash. I will take a small part in CASH, the balance in HORSES, FLOUR, HEMP or TOBACCO; or allow a credit for three fourths of the purchase money, payable in one, two and three years.—A description of the LAND, and particulars of the terms may be had by applying to me in Lexington.

December 20th, 1800.

### A few tons of good Merchantable

### HEMP

15 wanted, for which a generous price will be given.

Good wages will be given to free or fix JOURNEMEN ROPE-MAKERS.

PETER JANUARY.

### FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

**R**AN-AWAY from the subscriber, living at Mann's Lick about the 28th December last a Negro man named

### HARRY.

about 25 years of age, upwards of six feet high, very likely, active and well made, has a variety of clothing with him, among which is the following. A new green broad cloth coat, bran-down jacket, gingham do, white flirts, new leather overalls, cantar hat, a new grey linsley hunting-shirt, old cloth overalls, strong new shoes, &c. &c. Any person who will secure the above negro in any jail, so that I get him again, shall receive **TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS** reward, po the above reward if brought home, paid by me.

JAMES F. MOORE.

**R**OBERT SANDERS informs the public, that all persons who put names to Meler by the fea-boys, who do not require payment to be charged on, twenty dollars each with interest till the 15th of October next, if the money is not paid within the season.

April 4th, 1801.

### Take Notice.

ALL those indebted to the subscriber, either by bond, note, or book account, are earnestly requested to come forward and settle their respective balances, on or before the 1st day of July next, with Mr. ROBERT A. GATWOOD, who duly authorized to receive and receipt for the same.

William Leary.

### FRESH SUPPLY.

**MACBEAN & POYZER,**  
Have just received from Lee & Co's FAMILLY and MEDICINE WARE-HOUSE, Baltimore, a Large Supply of the most Celebrated

**MEDICINES:**  
1/1 Price 1 dollar per pack,  
**Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges,**

Which have, within two years past, given relief to thousands of the TYPHOIDUS & SCABIOUS of all ages, in various dangerous complaints, arising from worms and from worms or obstruction in the stomach and bowels.

A peculiar excellence of this remedy is, its being suited to every age and constitution; contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent; and is so mild in its operation, that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old; should no worms exist in the bowels, it will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive; and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

**Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.**

Worms which infect the human body, are chiefly of four kinds; viz. The Tere or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small new worm, and lastly, the Tania, or tape worm, so called from its resemblance to tapes; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful, and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are, disordered breath, especially in the morning—bad and corrupted gums—itching in the nose and about the face—convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purgings with flimsy and false stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Jaund and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with looseness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

We shall give occasionally, an account of cures, selected from a number of persons in this State.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents, per bottle,  
**The Genuine Persian Lotion,**  
For Cleaning and Cleaning the FACE and SKIN.

Of all Scorbute and other Eruptions—particularly Freckles, Pimples, Pits after the Small-Pox, Inflammatory Redness, Scurs, Tetters, Ring-Worms, Sunburn, Brickley Heat, Premature, Vesicles, &c. &c. rendering the skin delicately clear and soft, improving the complexion, restoring and preserving the bloom of youth.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents, per bottle,  
**Church's Cough Drops,**  
For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, ASTMAHS & CONSUMPTIONS.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents per bottle,  
**Infalible Ague & Fever Drops,**  
For the cure of Ague, remittent and intermittent Fevers.

Thousands can testify of their being cured by these drops, after the bark and every other medicine proved ineffectual; and not one in a hundred has had occasion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

These drops are particularly recommended to the inhabitants of low marshy countries, where the worst sort of agues generally prevail, which unless early attended to and speedily removed, injures the constitution exceedingly, and brings on dyspepsia, putrid fevers, and a variety of complaints, of the most dangerous and alarming nature. Many other medicines are daily offered to the public for the cure of this disorder, which upon trial have been found either dangerous or useless. The bark is the only remedy made use of, but being a very violent medicine, and seldom taken in sufficient quantity, it very often fails; and children, and those who have weak stomachs, are frequently lost for want of a more easy and pleasant remedy.

Price 75 cents per box,  
**The Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,**

Which is warranted an infallible remedy in any application, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury, or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting issue, which attends the application of other remedies.

**PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.**  
For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended

**Dr. Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills,**

Which have been attended with a degree of success highly gratifying to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West Indies, and the southern of the United States, particularly in Baltimore, Petersburg, Richmond, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleston, and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy, has under Providence, preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions—to regulate and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often of fatal consequence. A dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on the first appearance.—They are celebrated for removing bilious colic—violent sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by persons on a change of climate.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents per bottle,  
**The Genuine Elixence,**  
and, 1 dollar per box,  
**The Genuine Extract, of Mustard,**

For the Cure of Rheumatism, Gout, Ballo, Sprains, Stiff Swellings, &c. and has performed more cures in the above complaints, than all the other medicines ever before made public.

Price 1 dollar and 50 cents per box,  
**Dr. Hamilton's Elixer,**

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obdurate Coughs, Asthmas, and approaching Consumptions, and is far superior to any other medicine for the WHOOPING COUGH.

Price 2 dollars,  
**Indian Vegetable Specific,**  
For the Cure of a Certain Disease.

Price 2 dollars,  
**Hamilton's Grand Restorative.**

It is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution, the immoderate use of mercury; it cures the peculiar to females at a certain period of life; bad lymphs, &c.

Price 50 cents,  
**The Damask Lip Salve,**

An elegant and pleasant preparation for chapped and sore lips, and every blemish and inconvenience occasioned by Colds, Fevers, &c. speedily restoring a beautiful rosy color, and delicate softness to the lips.

Price 75 cents per box,  
**The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums,**

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Price 50 cents,  
**Dr. Hahn's True and Genuine**

**German Corn Plaster,**  
An infallible remedy for Corns, speedily removing their root and branch, without giving pain.

Price 1 dollar per bottle,  
**Dr. Hahn's Genuine Eye Water,**

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident, speedily removing inflammation, defusion of rheum, dulness, itching, and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those ailments which frequently succeed the small-pox, measles, and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

Price 75 cents,  
**Tooth-Ache Drops,**

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Price 1 dollar,  
**The Anodyne Elixer,**

For the cure of every kind of Head-Ache, &c. &c.

N. B. These medicines are sold as above, by appointment, and no where else in Kentucky.

Also may be had as above,  
**Hooper's Female Pills,**  
**Anderon's Scott's do.**  
**Brith Oil,**  
**Godfrey's Cordial,**  
**Dr. James's Fever Powder,**  
**Turlington's Balm,**  
**Darby's Elixer, &c. &c. &c.**  
Lexington, 3d April.

**Take Notice,**

HAT we or our agents will attend the commissioners, appointed by the county court of Henry county, on Tuesday the 10th day of May next, at Wood's bark mill, about four miles from Henry court house, near the road leading to the mouth of Kentucky, and will proceed from thence to the places herein after mentioned, to establish the special calls in two entries one the name of James Forker and John Kenady, the other in the name of Peter Crawford; the words of James Forker's and John Kenady's entry are as follows: May 23d, 1798, James Forker and John Kenady, owners 1000 acres upon pre-emption warrant No. 884, on the waters of Drumslick creek, about four miles from the lick, on a small branch of the creek, beginning half a mile down the branch from the cabin, at an ash tree, extending up the branch including the improvement and being it being nearly about the center.—The words of Peter Crawford's entry are as follows: Peter Crawford, owner four hundred acres of land on a Treasury warrant No. 2847, lying on the dividing ridge between Little Kentucky and the head of the west fork of Drumslick creek, to include a large Indian encampment, and two cabins; improvements made by Moses Cherry, in the center of a square, as near as prior claims will admit thereof, April 3d 1781.—There we shall attend the above mentioned commissioners, at the above mentioned places, in order to perpetuate testimony respecting the special calls of both the above mentioned entries, and to do such other acts as may be necessary in conformity to said acts: the commissioners aforesaid will proceed and continue from day to day, until the business is done.

James Forker,  
Hugh Emory,  
Moses Cherry,  
April 27 1801. 3w+

**BLANKS**  
OF VARIOUS KINDS,  
May be had at this office.

**Trotter & Scott,**  
**I**AVE just received, and now opening for sale, at their Store, in Lexington, a complete assortment of  
**MERCHANDIZE,**  
Well suited to the present and approaching seasons, consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queens and Glass Ware, Nails, Iron, Steel, Imported Calfskins, Nails, Window-Glass, Boulding-Cloths, suited for Merchand and Country Work—like wife a Supply of Mann's Lick Salt, all of which will be sold at their usual low prices for Cash.  
Lexington, April 20, 1801.

**FOR SALE.**  
**T**HE Property lately occupied in this town, by Mr. Arthur Thompson, and at present by Mr. Deulin, consisting of Two New Two Story **BRICK HOUSES,**  
Nearly finished, large and convenient Cellars, a large frame Stable and Kitchen, good Smoke House, and Three Lots belonging to the above premises. Also two hundred acres of GOOD QUALITY LAND, lying on the banks of Salt River, about seven miles from this town; the title clear of every kind of dispute; the Land is well watered, but entirely unimproved. A liberal credit will be given for the payments, and the whole amount will be received in Produce. The terms will be made known by application to Messrs. Cochran & Thurlby, merchants, of Philadelphia, or the subscriber, in Danville.  
Danville, 9th February, 1801. J. BIRNEY. JUP

**STRAYED OR STOLEN.**  
**F**ROM the subscriber living in Main county, Ken tucky, on the 18th inst. a Bay Horse, about 8 years old, 14 hands 3 inches high, well made, paces, trots, and racks well, has a nick'd tail, which he carries very high, and when pacing goes very wide behind. He has a brand on the near thigh, but I do not recollect what it was. I was a large saddle mark. If he is not stolen I expect he will make for Lexington, as Mr. John Clay, and a Mr. Nelson in Lexington, are his old friends.  
If stolen, any person apprehending the thief and securing him in goal, shall be entitled to TEN DOLLARS REWARD, and for the horse alone FIVE DOLLARS, when delivered to me or Mr. Jephtha Bulley in Lexington.  
William Stubblefield.  
Main County, 28th April, 1801.

**FOR SALE.**  
**A TAN YARD.**  
**W**ITH a small flock and materials for carrying it on; with about thirty or forty acres of land, twelve acres cleared, lying in Woodford County, ten miles from the court house, eighteen from Lexington, and about a mile and a quarter from the Kentucky river, within half a mile of Fromans iron works, grist-mill and saw-mill; there is a good wagon road from thence to the river; there is eight vaults, lime &c. with a good mill-house, two good cabins, and a never failing spring, with a fall of about 20 feet; the situation for convenience of water, and bark, is superior to any I have seen in the State, those inclining to purchase will please apply to me on the premises, or to David or Thomas Reid, Lexington.  
WILLIAM REID.

**TO RENT.**  
**A**T the crossing of main Eagle creek, fifteen miles from Georgetown, on the road to Cincinnati. There is a good well log house, fifty feet long, four good stone fire places, a good log stable and barn, good kitchen, with a number of useful cabins; about thirty acres of cleared land, ten of which is meadow, two grist mills joining the house. The advantageous situation of the place for a public house & place for stock, is generally known. Persons who desire to see the premises, or the terms may be known by applying to Mr. Warren, at Georgetown or to the subscriber in Frankfort.  
John Hunter.

N. B. Any person renting immediately, can be furnished with a quantity of winter vegetables.

**DAVID REID,**  
**SADDLER.**  
**R**ESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has removed his shop from the corner of Main and Croft streets, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. J. Pew, opposite the Presbyterian meeting-house, where he now lives, and intends carrying on his business as usual, he is entirely freed from his unremitting attention to business, and the opportunity he has had of acquiring a general knowledge of it, affords him his share of the public esteem.  
N. B. An Apprentice wanted. D. R.

**TAKEN up by the subscriber, living about three miles from Lexington, one black Horse, entire, bay color, about seven years old, a fine in his forehead, the right hind foot white, no brand perceptible; appraised to 180.  
John Kennedy.**

**TAKEN up by the subscriber, living on Clarke's run, about three miles from Danville, a Bay Horse three years old light pinto, branded I. B. on the near buttock, his old hind foot white, a star in his forehead, about fourteen and a half hands high; appraised to 180.  
John Brown.**

**TAKEN up by the subscriber, living near Boone's Station, Fayette county, a two year old Sorrel Filly, with a star in her forehead, about 13 hands high, appraised to 120.  
Henry Cotton.**

**BLANK BOOKS**  
Of any description, may be had at this Office on the shortest notice.